

## Religious Education at Hove Junior School

At Hove Junior school Religious Education is taught for the equivalent of an hour a week. We follow the Brighton and Hove Agreed Syllabus for RE. Throughout their time at Hove Juniors, the children enjoy learning about different aspects of belief from Buddhism, Christianity, Hinduism, Humanism, Islam, Judaism and Sikhism. Each unit of work follows an enquiry based approach where the children learn about core beliefs, explain what religious writing and art means and examine how beliefs make a difference to how people live their lives. Children are encouraged to develop their own responses and ideas in lessons while gaining insights into both local and global religious and non-religious communities.

To enhance Religious Education at Hove Juniors, we may invite visitors form different faiths into school or visit local places of worship. If you feel you could contribute to our Religious Education learning journey please let us know

Our provision map details the enquiry units of work for each year group:

	Yr3	Yr4
Intro	What does our religious and cultural	What does our religious community
Week 1	community look like?	look like?
Week 1	(dress)	( local buildings)
Autumn 1	Why is Jesus inspiring to some	What can we learn from inspirational
	people?	leaders?
Autumn 2	What does having faith mean for	( Moses, Dalia lama, Guru Nanak, Mother Teresa, Christian church
Autumn 2	different people?	leader, Mata Amritanamdamayi,
		reads , moto rumitamamayı,
	Festivals of Light - Christmas	Festivals of light - Christmas and
	140 1 1 2	Hanukah
Spring 1	Why do people pray?	What symbols, songs and socred objects are important to religions?
		( including religious dress)
Spring 2	What does it mean to be Christian	Why are sacred texts so important
	in Britain today?	for religions today?
		( Tarah, Bible, Qur'an, Guru Granth
		Sahib)
Summer 1	Easter What is it like to be a Muslim in	Easter Why do some people think life is a
Summer 1	What is it like to be a Muslim in Britain today?	journey and what significant
	(life of Muhammad/ the Islamic	experiences mark this?
	community)	
Summer 2	Why do people go to sacred places?	What are places of worship and what
	(Hajj)	happens in them?
		( including religious community
		leaders)
	Making sense of beliefs	Making sense of beliefs
	Identify beliefs, describe them	Describe beliefs and concepts,
	simply, give examples, suggest	connecting them to texts,
	meanings	suggesting examples and
		meanings.
	Understanding the impacts:	
	Give examples of what difference	Understanding the impacts:
	it makes to follow a religion.	Connect stories, teachings, concepts
		and texts with how religious
	Making connections:	people live, celebrate and worship.
	Think, talk and ask questions	, , ,
	about religion and belief for	Making connections:
	themselves	Suggest answers to questions,
		including their own ideas, about
		the differences religion makes to
		life.

Уr5	Yr6
What does our religious community look like? (Map of our locality and symbols)	What does our religious community look like? (B&H census figures)
What do different religions believe about how the world began? (creation and stewardship)	What can we learn from religions about deciding what is right and wrong?
What does it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today?	Why do some people believe God exists? ( including own beliefs)
Festivals of light - Diwali and Christmas	Festivals of light - Winter Solstice and Christmas
What difference does it make to believe in ahimsa, grace and Ummah?	What does it mean to be a Humanist today?
Easter (4 -6 weeks)	What matters most to Christians and Humanists?
What do different people believe about God?	Easter (4 weeks)
What does it mean to be a Buddhist in Britain today?	Is it better to express your beliefs in art, architecture or in charity and generosity?
Making sense of beliefs Describe beliefs and concepts, connecting them to texts, suggesting examples and meanings.	Making sense of beliefs Explain and give meanings for core texts and beliefs, comparing different ideas.
Understanding the impacts: Connect stories, teachings, concepts and texts with how religious people live, celebrate and worship.	Understanding the impacts: Use evidence and examples to show how and why beliefs make a difference to life.
Making connections: Suggest answers to questions, including their own ideas, about the differences religion makes to life.	Making connections: Connect their own reflections and views to the religions and beliefs they study, developing

