



Mathematics Assessment Criteria: Year 5 denotes MET + mastery indicators

Year 5 Stage 1		Year 5 Stage 2		Year 5 Stage 3 MET	
I can read and write numbers to at least 1,000,000 (7-digits) and determine the value of each digit		I can order numbers to at least 1,000,000		I can compare numbers to at least 1,000,000	
I can count forwards in steps of powers of 10 e.g. 10, 100, 1000, 10,000 from zero		I can count forwards in steps of powers of 10 e.g. 10, 100, 1000, 10,000 from any given number		I can count backwards in steps of powers of 10 e.g. 10, 100, 1000, 10,000 from any given number	
I understand negative numbers in context e.g. temperature		I can count forwards from negative whole numbers, through zero, to positive whole numbers e.g. -4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, ...		I can count backwards from positive whole numbers, through zero, to negative whole numbers e.g. 3, 2, 1, 0, -1, -2, -3, -4...	
I can round any number to 1,000,000 to the nearest 10, 100		I can round any number to 1,000,000 to the nearest 1000, 10,000		I can round any number to 1,000,000 to the nearest 100,000	
I can find the rule to describe number sequences e.g. $3, 3\frac{1}{2}, 4, 4\frac{1}{2}, \dots$ is add $\frac{1}{2}$ or 1.5, 1.3, 1.1, 0.9... is subtract 0.2		I can solve project-based problems that involve the objectives above		I can solve problems that involve the objectives above.	
I can solve number problems that involve the objectives above		I can read Roman numerals up to 1,000 (M)		I can read years written in Roman numerals e.g. MMXV = 2015	
I use formal written methods to add whole numbers with more than 4 digits		I can use formal written methods to subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits with 2 or more exchanges			
I can add numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers using place value to help e.g. $12,462 + 2300 = 14,762$				I can subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers e.g. $12,462 - 2,300 = 10,162$	
I can solve addition multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why		I can solve subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why		I can use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy	
I can multiply ThHTO x O using short multiplication		I can multiply TO x TO using long multiplication		I can multiply HTO x TO using long multiplication	
		I can multiply numbers mentally, using known facts e.g. 32×7		I can divide numbers mentally, using known facts e.g. $210 \div 60$	
I can divide ThHTO ÷ O using short division e.g. $2352 \div 6$		I can divide ThHTO ÷ O using short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context e.g. How many standard egg-boxes will you need to pack 1000 eggs?		I can divide numbers ThHTO ÷ O and express remainders as a fraction or decimal e.g. $98 \div 4 = 24 \text{ r}2 = 24\frac{2}{4} = 24.5$	
I can multiply and divide whole numbers by 10, 100, 1,000 using a <i>Place Value Slider</i> to help		I can multiply and divide whole numbers by 10, 100, 1000 e.g. $134,500 \div 100 = 1345$		I can multiply and divide decimal numbers by 10, 100, 1000 e.g. $2764.5 \div 10 = 276.45$	
I can identify multiples of 1-digit numbers e.g. 49 is a multiple of 7		I can find factor pairs of a number e.g. 1 & 12, 2 & 6, 3 & 4 for 12		I can identify common factors of two numbers e.g. 6 is a factor of 18 and 60	
I use the terms factor and multiple when describing composite (non-prime) numbers e.g. "10 is a multiple of 2, 5 and 10. Its factors are 1, 2, 5 and 10".		I can explain prime numbers using the terms factor and multiple e.g. 13 is a prime number because it has only two factors. It's a multiple of only 1 and 13.		I can explain and calculate prime factors for numbers to 30 e.g. The factors of 18 are 1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 18. So the prime factors are 2 and 3 because $2 \times 3 \times 3 = 18$	
I can represent square numbers using resources e.g. counters		I can recognise square numbers and the notation for squared numbers (2)		I can build and recognise cube numbers and the notation for cubed numbers (3)	
I can work out if a number up to 19 is prime		I can recall prime numbers up to 19 e.g. 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19		I can establish whether a number up to 100 is prime	
I can use the equals sign to show equivalence e.g. $13 + 24 = 12 + 25$		I can explain how the equal sign shows equivalence		I can solve missing number problems e.g. $33 = 5 \times ?$	
I can solve multiplication problems involving brackets e.g. $5(4+7)$		I can construct equivalence statements e.g. $4 \times 35 = 2 \times 2 \times 35$		I can construct equivalence statements with squared numbers e.g. $3 \times 270 = 3 \times 3 \times 9 \times 10 = 9^2 \times 10$	
I can choose which operation to use to solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division.		I can solve problems involving multiplication including using factors and multiples, squares and cubes		I can solve problems involving division including using factors and multiples, squares and cubes	
I can solve problems using a combination of addition, subtraction, multiplication and division.		I can solve problems involving multiplication and division including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates e.g. Adapt a recipe for $\frac{1}{4}$ of the amount		I can solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, understanding the meaning of the equals sign	



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I can compare fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number	I can order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number		
I can identify and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction represented visually including tenths and hundreds <i>e.g.</i> $\frac{4}{10} = \frac{40}{100}$	I can recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions <i>e.g.</i> $3\frac{1}{2}$ Or $\frac{15}{4}$ and convert from one to the other	I can write mathematical statements using mixed and improper fractions <i>e.g.</i> $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = 1\frac{1}{5}$	
I can add and subtract fractions with the same denominator	I can add fractions with denominators that are multiples of the same number <i>e.g.</i> $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8}$	I can subtract fractions with denominators that are multiples of the same number <i>e.g.</i> $\frac{4}{6} - \frac{1}{3}$	
I can read and write decimal numbers as fractions <i>e.g.</i> $0.71 = \frac{71}{100}$	I can multiply proper fractions by whole numbers supported by different representations <i>e.g.</i> $\frac{1}{3} \times 6$	I can multiply mixed numbers by whole numbers supported by different representations <i>e.g.</i> $2\frac{2}{3} \times 4$	
I can recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths	I can recognise and use thousandths and relate them to hundredths	I can recognise and use thousandths and relate them to decimal equivalents	
I can read and write numbers with up to 3 decimal places	I can order numbers with up to 3 decimal places	I can compare numbers with up to 3 decimal places	
I can round decimals with 2 decimal places to the nearest whole number	I can round decimals with 2 decimal places to 1 decimal place (1dp)	I can solve problems involving number up to 3 decimal places	
I recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that percent relates to 'number of parts per 100'	I can write percentages as a fraction with a denominator 100 <i>e.g.</i> $\frac{63}{100} = 63\%$	I can write percentages as a decimal <i>e.g.</i> $38\% = 0.38$	
I can solve problems which require knowing decimal equivalents of $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{4}{5}$	I can solve problems which require knowing percentage equivalents of $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{4}{5}$	I can solve problems which require knowing fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25	
I can convert between different units of length <i>e.g.</i> mm & cm, cm & m, m & km	I can convert between different units of mass <i>e.g.</i> grams & kilogram	I can convert between different units of volume <i>e.g.</i> millilitres and litres	
I can convert between centimetres and inches using the approximate equivalence of 2.54cm = 1 inch	I can convert between kilograms and pounds using the approximate equivalence of 1kilogram = 2.2 pounds (mass NOT money)	I can convert between litres and pints using the approximate equivalence of 1 litre = 1.76 pints	
I can measure the perimeter of a shape made of rectangles in centimetres and metres	I can calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), including using standard units, square centimetres (cm ²) and square metres (m ²)	I can estimate the area of irregular shapes in square centimetres (cm ²) or square metres (m ²)	
I can calculate the perimeter of a shape made of rectangles when there are missing measurements	I can estimate the capacity of a container in millilitres and litres	I can estimate the volume of a cuboid made from 1cm ³ cubes	
I can solve problems involving converting between units of time <i>e.g.</i> minutes to hours, days to weeks, weeks to months,	I can use all four operations to solve problems involving length and money with decimal notation, including scaling	I can use all four operations to solve problems involving mass and volume with decimal notation, including scaling	
I can identify cubes and other cuboids from 2-D representations	I can identify prisms and pyramids from 2-D representations	I can draw a line to the nearest millimetre	
I can know angles are measured in degrees	I can estimate and compare acute and obtuse angles	I can estimate and compare reflex angles	
I can measure angles in degrees (°) using a protractor	I can draw given angles using a protractor	I can distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles	
I can identify angles at a point and 1 whole turn (total 360°)	I can identify angles at a point on a straight line and half a turn (total 180°)	I know a quarter turn is 90° and a three-quarter turn is 270°	
I can use the properties of rectangles to find missing lengths	I can use the properties of other quadrilaterals to work out missing lengths <i>e.g.</i> rhombus has 4 equal edges	I can use the properties of quadrilaterals to work out missing angles <i>e.g.</i> trapezium's interior angles add up to 360°	
I can reflect a shape in a horizontal or vertical axis and describe its transformation knowing that its shape hasn't changed	I can translate a shape in the first quadrant and describe its transformation knowing that its shape hasn't changed	I can identify if a shape has been reflected or translated	
I can complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables	I can solve problems by comparing data in a line graph	I can solve comparison, sum and difference problems using data in a line graph	

*up to ten multiples of the number